Australia’s fourth   
Universal Periodic   
Review

Australia’s UPR  
recommendations 2021

# Australia’s third-cycle UPR recommendations 2021 – Status of implementation

| **Rec No.** | **Recommendation and recommending state/s** | **Australia's response (July 2021)** | **Australia's implementation status** |
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| 1–7 | Ratify/consider ratifying the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (*Uzbekistan, Togo, France, Japan, Senegal, Costa Rica, Argentina*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 8, 9 | Ratify the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance  Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure (*Ukraine, Slovakia*) | Notes |  |
| 10–21 | Ratify/Consider ratifying the Convention on Migrant Workers (Sri Lanka, Egypt, Senegal, Costa Rica, Chile, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Togo, Turkey, El Salvador, Honduras, Algeria, Morocco) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 22 | Ratify key international human rights instruments, such as the Convention on Migrant Workers (*Philippines*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 23–25, 27 | Ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (*Togo, Cyprus, Honduras, El Salvador*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 26, 28 | Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure (*Cyprus, El Salvador*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 29 | Ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure (*Albania*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 30 | Ratify the remaining human rights treaties, including those which facilitate complaints under the Convention on the Rights of the Child and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (*North Macedonia*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 31, 33, 35 | Ratify the Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Convention, 1989 (No. 169) of the International Labour Organization (ILO) (*Costa Rica, Chile, Spain*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 32 | Consider ratifying the Convention on Migrant Workers and the ILO Migration for Employment Convention (Revised), 1949 (No. 97), Migrant Workers (Supplementary Provisions) Convention, 1975 (No. 143) and Convention No. 169 (*Ecuador*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 34 | Ratify ILO Convention No. 169 and the Domestic Workers Convention, 2011 (No. 189) (*Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 36 | Ratify the ILO Protocol to the Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) (*United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland*) | Accepts |  |
| 37 | Ratify ILO Convention No. 169 and the Convention on Migrant Workers to advance Sustainable Development Goals 5.4, 8, 10 and 16 (*Paraguay*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 38 | Sign and ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (*Honduras*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 39 | Remove its reservation to article 37(c) of the Convention on the Rights of the Child, which requires children to be detained separately from adults, as previously recommended (*Estonia*) | Notes |  |
| 40 | Withdraw reservations to the Convention on the Rights of the Child, ratify the Optional Protocol thereto on a communications procedure, and raise the age of criminal responsibility to at least 14 years (*Italy*) | Notes |  |
| 41 | Withdraw the reservation to article 20 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 42 | Adopt an open, merit-based process when selecting national candidates for United Nations treaty body elections (*United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland*) | Accepts |  |
| 43 | Consider the possibility of ratifying those human rights instruments that have not been ratified (*Lebanon*) | Notes |  |
| 44–46 | Strengthen the national human rights commission, including through the provision of adequate resources so that it can carry out its mission and meet its objectives within the framework of Sustainable Development Goal targets 1.4, 4.3 and 4.6 and Goal 5 /Ensure accountability for incidents of intimidation against the Australian Human Rights Commission (*Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Paraguay*) | Accepts |  |
| 47 | Develop a human rights agenda covering 5 to 10 years, in collaboration with national stakeholders and civil society (*Guyana*) | Notes |  |
| 48, 57 | Ensure that Australia’s international human rights obligations are enshrined in domestic law (*Canada, Zambia*) | Accepts |  |
| 49 | Consider adopting a human rights act with a clause on precedence over all other legislation (*Ecuador*) | Notes |  |
| 50 | Complete the incorporation of the Convention on the Rights of the Child into domestic legislation and policy including a national plan for children (*Greece*) | Accepts |  |
| 51, 255, 256, 259 | Advance the necessary referendum pathway to reflect its commitment to recognizing indigenous Australians in the Constitution (*New Zealand*) | Accepts |  |
| 52 | Ensure that the defence strategy fully complies with its obligations under the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, the Arms Trade Treaty and the Treaty on the Non‑Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (*Panama*) | Accepts |  |
| 53 | Stop using false information to make baseless accusations against other countries for political purposes (*China*) | Australia believes that recommendation 53 falls outside the ambit of the UPR |  |
| 54 | Strengthen actions in favour of the human rights of indigenous peoples and refugees (*El Salvador*) | Accepts |  |
| 55 | Redouble its efforts in providing the necessary care for older persons and persons with disabilities (*Libya*) | Accepts |  |
| 56 | Improve statutory protections at all levels of government for traditional owners seeking to protect their cultural sites (*New Zealand*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 58 | Integrate existing non‑discrimination provisions in a comprehensive law to ensure effective protection against all forms of discrimination and access to effective remedies for all victims of discrimination (*State of Palestine*) | Notes |  |
| 59 | Adopt a new legal act or amend relevant laws to ensure full protection from racial discrimination (*Uzbekistan*) | Notes |  |
| 60 | Adopt a comprehensive federal law to provide effective protection against all forms of discrimination (*Belarus*) | Notes |  |
| 61 | Consider adopting a federal act that ensures effective protection against all forms of discrimination and ensures access to effective resources for victims (*Ecuador*) | Notes |  |
| 62 | Continue to ensure the full implementation of domestic and international laws to end all forms of discrimination, including discrimination against race, culture and religion (*Ghana*) | Accepts |  |
| 63 | Consolidate existing non-discrimination provisions in a comprehensive federal law to ensure effective protection against all forms of discrimination on all the prohibited grounds (*Guyana*) | Notes |  |
| 64 | Strengthen measures to ensure the full enjoyment of human rights by all its population without discrimination (*Nigeria*) | Accepts |  |
| 65 | Invest additional efforts so that anti‑discrimination laws are applied in all parts of the country (*Serbia*) | Accepts |  |
| 66 | Continue ongoing efforts to combat discrimination against women, children and persons with disabilities (*Tunisia*) | Accepts |  |
| 67 | Create a mechanism to study, promote and combat the issues facing men and boys in Australian society, in order to advance towards gender equality in law and in practice (*Haiti*) | Accepts |  |
| 68, 70–82, 84, 86, 91, 93–97 | Combat discrimination and violence based on race, ethnic or religious grounds including in the media and online (*Azerbaijan, Syrian Arab Republic, Bangladesh, Barbados, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Egypt, Jordan, Malaysia, Angola, Nicaragua, Cuba, Indonesia, Nepal, Qatar, Tunisia, Bahrain, Pakistan*) | Accepts |  |
| 69 | Give due attention to the issues of the rise in Islamophobia, racial discrimination and exploitation of migrant workers (*Sudan*); | Accepts |  |
| 83 | Continue efforts to promote and raise awareness of multiculturalism and diversity in the country, especially to eliminate racism among school children (*Myanmar*) | Accepts |  |
| 85 | Exclude from the Constitution the provisions that allow racial discrimination (*Russian Federation*) | Notes |  |
| 87 | Adopt a comprehensive law prohibiting all types of discrimination against minority and indigenous groups (*Somalia*) | Notes |  |
| 88 | Eliminate systematic discrimination against Aboriginals and combat violence against them (*China*) | Accepts |  |
| 89 | Implement all measures to eliminate discrimination against members of Aboriginal communities (*France*) | Accepts |  |
| 90 | Continue its work to address the ongoing reports of entrenched inequalities and overrepresentation across all low socioeconomic indicators that disproportionally affect Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples, especially in the areas of health and well-being, education and justice (*New Zealand*) | Accepts |  |
| 92 | Continue to address inequalities faced by minorities (*Malaysia*) | Accepts |  |
| 98, 99 | Addressing age discrimination and promote the human rights of older persons (*Israel, Argentina*) | Accepts |  |
| 100, 104 | Eliminate/reform the obligation imposed by some states to carry out compulsory surgical interventions to change the sex listed in identity documents (*Spain, Malta*) | Notes |  |
| 101 | End harmful practices, including forced and coercive medical interventions, to ensure the bodily integrity of children with intersex variations (*Iceland*) | Notes |  |
| 102 | Ensure free and timely access to appropriate health care for all, including LGBTI+ persons, children and adolescents where the young person has sufficient maturity to provide informed consent (*Iceland*) | Accepts |  |
| 103 | Continue to work on ending discrimination on the grounds of sexual orientation and gender identity, including through the launching of awareness raising campaigns and training of public officials (*Israel*) | Accepts |  |
| 105 | Continue to improve education and health outcomes for people with unique vulnerabilities (*Viet Nam*) | Accepts |  |
| 106 | Continue to reinforce relevant measures to ensure the protection of vulnerable members of the population, including women and girls with disabilities and the indigenous population (*Ghana*) | Accepts |  |
| 107 | Give attention to the implementation of national policies for marginalized or vulnerable social groups, including migrant children, Aboriginals and persons with disabilities (*Nicaragua*) | Accepts |  |
| 108-109 | Consider increasing/increase official development assistance to the international commitment of 0.7 per cent of gross national income (*Cambodia, Haiti*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 110 | Suspend the extractive and development projects that are carried out on lands owned by indigenous peoples without seeking their consent (*State of Palestine*) | Notes |  |
| 111 | Increase efforts to reach the emission reduction goal set by the Paris Agreement and to integrate a human rights-based approach in its efforts aimed at combating climate change (*Switzerland*) | Notes |  |
| 112 | Promote policies and measures to mitigate the impact of climate change on the human rights of persons belonging to vulnerable groups (*Uruguay*); | Notes |  |
| 113 | Implement more effective climate change policies based on a long-term plan on lowering fossil fuel use, and reducing pollution, which are contributing to adverse effects on the right to life and the right to health of people due to global warming, as well as toxic emissions (*Vanuatu*); | Notes |  |
| 114–118 | Respond to the impact of climate change and disasters, including on human rights and ensure meaningful participation of diverse and impacted groups. (*Botswana, Fiji, France, Haiti Marshall Islands*) | Accepts |  |
| 119 | Ensure that its policies, legislation, regulations and enforcement measures effectively serve to prevent and address the heightened risk of business involvement in abuses in conflict situations, which includes situations of foreign occupation (*State of Palestine*) | Notes |  |
| 120 | Finalize its national action plan on business and human rights (*Thailand*) | Notes |  |
| 121 | Cease cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment in public places of detention, including sexual violence, routine strip searches and inadequate mental health care facilities (*Democratic People’s Republic of Korea*) | Accepts |  |
| 122 | Take necessary legal and administrative measures to end systemic police brutality against the indigenous population (*Islamic Republic of Iran*) | Accepts |  |
| 123 | Abolish policies, legislation and practices that allow the arbitrary and indefinite detention of persons with disabilities (*Belarus*) | Accepts |  |
| 124 | Ensure that prisoners with disabilities are not held in solitary confinement and have adequate access to support and mental health services (*Zambia*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 125 | Address the needs of women in prison and prosecute and punish all cases of sexual violence against women in detention (*Zambia*) | Accepts |  |
| 126 | End the policy of arbitrary detention and forced extradition at the request of the United States of America on the basis of false legal grounds such as alleged violations of the unilateral coercive measures (*Islamic Republic of Iran*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 127 | Review mandatory sentencing laws with a view to abolishing them, while expanding non-custodial measures where appropriate (*Norway*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 128–133, 213–218, 220–227 | Continue to combat family, domestic and sexual violence against women and girls especially among population groups that are disproportionately affected (*Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Iraq, Republic of Moldova, Singapore, Islamic Republic of Iran*) | Accepts |  |
| 134 | Continue its international efforts to prevent crimes against humanity (*Armenia*) | Accepts |  |
| 135 | Eliminate prison overcrowding and inadequate mental health institutions as well as revoke those laws or policies allowing indefinite detention of persons with disabilities (*Uzbekistan*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 136-137 | Address the overrepresentation of indigenous peoples in the criminal justice system/prison population (*Bahamas, Romania*) | Accepts |  |
| 138, 139 | Expedite the process of the creation of the national preventive mechanism in accordance with the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture/Strengthen implementation of the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture through the establishment of national preventive mechanisms (*Ukraine, Philippines*) | Accepts |  |
| 140, 151 | Raise the minimum age of criminal responsibility to 18 years, and prohibit isolation and the use of force as forms of punishment in juvenile justice centres (*Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Zambia*) | Notes |  |
| 141, 143–146, 148-150, 153–158, 160, 162–163, 165–169 | Raise the minimum age of criminal responsibility to at least 14 in line with international standards (*Slovakia, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Sweden, Switzerland, Uruguay, Chile, Croatia, Cyprus, Denmark, Estonia, Finland France, Germany, Greece, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Moldova*) | Notes |  |
| 142 | Amend Australia’s legislation in order to increase the minimum age of criminal responsibility to at least 14 years and withdraw the reservations to article 37 (c) of the Convention on the Rights of the Child regarding the separation of children, which requires detained children to be separated from adults (*Spain*) | Notes |  |
| 147 | Increase the minimum age of criminal responsibility and adopt measures to ensure children receive appropriate community support directed at addressing risk factors (*Canada*) | Notes |  |
| 152, 159 | Promote non-judicial measures for children accused of criminal offences and raise the minimum age of criminal responsibility (*Czechia, Lithuania*) | Notes |  |
| 161, 164 | Bring elements of the child justice system specified by the Committee on the Rights of the Child into line with the Convention on the Rights of the Child and raise the age of criminal responsibility (*Lithuania, Mexico*) | Notes |  |
| 170–173 | Provide a system for the investigation, accountability for violations overseas committed by Australian military overseas and provide for reparations to victims of these violations and prevent impunity for perpetrators (*Syrian Arabic Republic, China, Islamic Republic of Iran, Bosnia and Herzegovina*). | Notes |  |
| 174 | Continue to protect civil and political rights for all persons in Australia as well as freedom of expression and freedom of religion (*Bosnia and Herzegovina*) | Accepts |  |
| 175 | Repeal national security laws that violate the right to freedom of expression and the privacy of journalists and whistle-blowers (*Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela*) | Notes |  |
| 176 | Adopt a new media freedom act, protecting the freedom of the press in line with the international standard (*Somalia*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 177 | Protect freedom of expression for those speaking out against government policies, including by amending national security laws that inhibit the speech of journalists, whistle‑blowers and lawyers (*United States of America*) | Notes |  |
| 178–179 | Repeal laws criminalizing public interest reporting and provide civil society members, human rights defenders and journalists with a safe and secure environment to carry out their work / strengthen journalist warrant obligations (*Bangladesh, Netherlands*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 180 | Carry out independent investigation at the national level in cases of pressure exercised by the authorities on journalists investigating the war crimes committed by Australian soldiers in Afghanistan and hold the perpetrators accountable (*Russian Federation*) | Notes |  |
| 181 | Put an end to the violation of freedom of peaceful assembly and the excessive use of force by law enforcement officials (*Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela*) | Accepts |  |
| 182 | Further strengthen efforts aimed at full, effective and meaningful participation in political and public life for all persons, especially for the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples, including amending electoral legislation depriving the right to vote of citizens serving a prison sentence (*Czechia*) | Notes |  |
| 183 | Ensure the right to vote for persons with disabilities and those convicted and given prison sentences, in line with the recommendations of the Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and the Human Rights Committee (*Panama*) | Notes |  |
| 184 | Ensure effective implementation frameworks for combating forced labour and slavery related to the activities of Australian companies (*Syrian Arab Republic*) | Accepts |  |
| 185 | Maintain its commitment in fighting human trafficking and reducing violence against women (*Bahrain*) | Accepts |  |
| 186 | Continue working with regional partners and support countries in addressing the growing challenges of trafficking in persons (*Bhutan*); | Accepts |  |
| 187 | Guarantee access to federal support services for victims of human trafficking and take all necessary measures to eradicate this practice (*France*) | Accepts |  |
| 188 | Complete and implement the National Action Plan to Combat Modern Slavery (*Greece*) | Accepts |  |
| 189 | Further enhance cooperation with the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) through the ASEAN-Australia human rights trafficking framework, in the fight against human trafficking and slavery in the region (*Lao People’s Democratic Republic*) | Accepts |  |
| 190 | Continue efforts made to combat human trafficking, especially with the adoption of the Modern Slavery Act of 2018 (*Lebanon*) | Accepts |  |
| 191 | Sustain efforts in combating human trafficking and ensuring the protection of the rights of victims, as well as the rights of migrants (*Nigeria*) | Accepts |  |
| 192 | Exert more efforts to assist victims of human trafficking, protect them, and expand the support provided to them to include all victims of trafficking without discrimination (*Qatar*) | Accepts |  |
| 193, 194 | Continue efforts to eradicate labour/human trafficking, exploitation and slavery (*Romania, Rwanda*) | Accepts |  |
| 195-198, 210 | Promote equal pay and reduce the gender wage gap (*Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Viet Nam, India, Maldives, Lesotho*) | Accepts |  |
| 199 | Ensure that cashless debit and income management schemes are non-discriminatory in design and implementation, particularly for indigenous populations (*Bahamas*) | Accepts |  |
| 200 | Study, in close consultation with the stakeholders, the possibility of a universal basic income | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 201 | Develop plans and policies for poverty reduction with a human rights perspective and focused on Sustainable Development Goals 1 and 10 (*Paraguay*) | Notes |  |
| 202 | Overcome shortcomings in health care for children with disabilities and for those living in rural or remote areas or in special care centres, and adopt effective measures to combat the isolation of children from their families and their placement in unqualified care centres (*Egypt*) | Accepts |  |
| 203 | Continue its efforts to provide health services in the rural and remote areas, especially in light of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic (Libya) | Accepts |  |
| 204 | Ensure that education curricula include components on indigenous peoples’ history and the impact of colonization (*State of Palestine*) | Accepts |  |
| 205, 206 | Provide awareness raising and education on human rights, especially the rights of persons with disabilities, refugees and migrants, for law enforcement officers, migration officials and those working in the justice sector (*Algeria*) | Accepts |  |
| 207 | Extend human rights training in the public sector, especially for those working with children in the administration of justice (*Luxumbourg*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 208 | Develop policies to strengthen the promotion and protection of the rights of women, especially women from indigenous communities (*Barbados*) | Accepts |  |
| 209 | Continue taking necessary measures to combat discriminatory practices against women and girls (*India*) | Accepts |  |
| 211 | Analyse possible legal and institutional changes to favour greater political participation by women and gradually reverse inequality between men and women, especially among indigenous, migrant and poor women (*Argentina*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 212 | Take special measures aimed at increasing the participation of women in public and political life (*Serbia*) | Accepts |  |
| 219 | Continue its efforts to reduce violence against women and children and the disparity in economic, health and education outcomes between indigenous and non-indigenous Australians (*Lao People’s Democratic Republic*) | Accepts |  |
| 228 | Take measures to harmonize state and territory legislation with respect to the reproductive health of women (*Kazakhstan*) | Notes |  |
| 229 | Fully incorporate the Convention on the Rights of the Child into domestic legislation and develop a national action plan for children to comprehensively protect children’s rights, including by bringing the child justice system fully into line with the Convention (*Slovenia*) | Notes |  |
| 230 | Advance the right to education of all children, including through the equitable funding of schools (*Sri Lan*ka) | Accepts |  |
| 231 | Develop and implement a national plan for child well-being and a national children’s data framework (Malta) | Notes |  |
| 232, 233, 237 | Incorporate the Convention on the Rights of the Child including through an action plan/strategy and include a focus on children with a disability (*Qatar, Romania*) | Notes |  |
| 234 | Further promote efforts to protect all children and provide them with better access to childhood services (*Barbados*) | Accepts |  |
| 235 | Continue to expand and provide resources for the delivery of child targeted mental health and support services (*Malta*) | Accepts |  |
| 236 | Address discrimination against people with disabilities in the criminal justice system (*Sudan*) | Accepts |  |
| 238 | Conduct consultations with organizations of persons with disabilities with a view to developing a national action plan for inclusive education (*Bulgaria*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 239 | Continue its efforts in the implementation of the National Disability Strategy (*Ethiopia*) | Accepts |  |
| 240 - 241 | Ensure that all children with disabilities have access to inclusive education (*Timor-Leste, Montenegro*) | Notes |  |
| 242 | Guarantee effective access to justice for persons with disabilities, ensuring due process safeguards to enable them to effectively exercise their legal capacity in courts (*Chile*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 243, 250 | Prevent and provide remedies for acts of violence against persons with disabilities placed in institutions or residences (*Croatia, Angola*) | Accepts |  |
| 244, 247, 249 | Improve the conditions of persons with disabilities in the criminal justice system and institutions and put an end to their indefinite detention without a conviction (*Iraq, Timor-Leste, Holy See)* | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 245, 246, 248 | Eliminate discriminatory practices against persons with disabilities, including involuntary treatments, forced sterilizations and unjustified medical procedures (*Cuba, Sweden, Germany*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 251 | Address violence against persons with disabilities, as well as ensure treatment by the justice system that will take into account potential cognitive disabilities and mental health impairments (*Poland*) | Accepts |  |
| 252 | Ensure the rights of persons with disabilities, including participation in elections on an equal basis with others, and revoke legislation, policies and practices that result in the arbitrary and indefinite detention of persons with disabilities (*Democratic People’s Republic of Korea*). | Notes |  |
| 253 | Consider adopting a comprehensive strategy to improve the overall condition of indigenous peoples in close consultation with indigenous organizations (*Slovenia*) | Accepts |  |
| 254, 257, 282 | Continue to promote and strengthen the rights of indigenous people / take steps to revise national laws and policies to fully recognize and protect the rights of indigenous peoples / Recognize the legal status of the indigenous peoples to ensure full protection of their rights (*Sudan, India, Mauritius*) | Accepts |  |
| 258 | Put an end to the violation of the human rights of indigenous people and ethnic and vulnerable groups, eradicating racist and discriminatory practices in public bodies (*Estonia*) | Accepts |  |
| 260 | Continue to implement indigenous education reforms (*Slovakia*) | Accepts |  |
| 261 | Address persisting disparities faced by indigenous peoples and ensure equal rights and protection for both indigenous and non-indigenous Australians (*Sri Lanka*) | Accepts |  |
| 262 | Follow up on the report on the 2017 visit of the Special Rapporteur on the rights of indigenous peoples in consultation with the communities concerned (*Switzerland*) | Accepts |  |
| 263 | Continue the good practice of consulting with indigenous peoples during policy formulation, in order to further protect their rights and build an inclusive society | Accepts |  |
| 264-268 | Continue implement the Closing the Gap strategy, while ensuring shared decision-making and genuine partnerships with the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples, to improve the situation of indigenous peoples and reduce their social gaps with the rest of population (*United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Poland, Estonia*) | Accepts |  |
| 269, 270 | Continue to work towards narrowing the gap in life outcomes between indigenous and non-indigenous Australians and reduce inequalities, with a special focus on better access to health, education and employment opportunities (*Republic of Korea, Singapore*) | Accepts |  |
| 271 | Investigate the disadvantages that indigenous populations face in education, incarceration and life expectancy (*United States of America*) | Accepts |  |
| 272–274, 285, 286 | Develop, in consultation with the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peak organizations, a national action plan in order to implement the United Nations Declaration on Indigenous Peoples and include the Declaration in the Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act (*Bangladesh, Canada, Costa Rica, Namibia, Netherlands*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 275 | Abolish laws and policies with a discriminatory impact on the human rights of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples, and ensure the effective access of said communities to decision-making in all areas that affect them, including in land and water management and tackling climate change, among others (*Cuba*) | Accepts |  |
| 276 | Improve the socioeconomic situation of indigenous peoples by ensuring their meaningful and effective political participation (*Denmark*) | Accepts |  |
| 277 | Supply funding to the Indigenous Peoples’ Organisation to enable independent indigenous participation with relevant United Nations mechanisms (*Finland*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 278 | Continue steps to ensure that the housing needs of indigenous Australians are met (*Georgia*) | Accepts |  |
| 279 | Redouble the efforts to guarantee the fundamental human rights of indigenous peoples, paying particular attention to indigenous children by ensuring access to quality education, as well as to indigenous peoples in the workplace, since they remain disproportionately vulnerable to unemployment (*Holy See*) | Accepts |  |
| 280 | Take further measures to implement the recommendations of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination in order to reduce social inequality experienced by indigenous peoples (*Ireland*) | Accepts |  |
| 281 | Take targeted action to protect indigenous women and children from family, domestic and sexual violence by increasing options for support (*Marshall Islands*) | Accepts |  |
| 283 | Develop, in consultation with representatives of indigenous peoples, measures to guarantee their access to education, health, employment and social security (*Mexico*) | Accepts |  |
| 284 | Ensure that education strategies for indigenous Australians include the preservation of their cultural heritages (*Myanmar*) | Accepts |  |
| 287 | Continue efforts to preserve the cultural and linguistic identity of indigenous peoples (*New Zealand*) | Accepts |  |
| 288 | Establish regulations that incorporate the principle of free, prior and informed consent of indigenous communities, in relation to projects with potential impacts on their territories and ancestral ways of life, in accordance with Sustainable Development Goals 10 and 16 (*Paraguay*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 289 | Maintain programmes that promote the socioeconomic development of indigenous peoples (*Peru*) | Accepts |  |
| 290 | Ensure adequate resources for programmes aimed at raising health and quality-of-life indicators for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities (*Philippines*) | Accepts |  |
| 291 | Strengthen the efforts to realize the economic, social and cultural rights of indigenous peoples, in close consultation with indigenous peoples’ representative bodies and civil society (*Portugal*) | Accepts |  |
| 292, 293 | Implement/encourage a human rights-based approach to migration and border management (*State of Palestine, Cambodia*) | Notes |  |
| 294 | Continue its efforts in adopting a human-rights based approach to migration and border management and consider utilizing alternatives to detention for migrant children (*Thailand*) | Notes, but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 295 | Continue to enforce labour and immigration laws consistent with international standards (*Sudan*) | Accepts |  |
| 296 | Step up efforts to ensure the rights of migrant workers while protecting them from discrimination, exploitation and intimidation (*Bangladesh*) | Accepts |  |
| 297 | Provide appropriate conditions for migrant workers and safeguard their rights and end all measures of arbitrary detention against them (*Egypt*) | Accepts |  |
| 298 | Eliminate cruel, inhuman and degrading treatment of undocumented migrants and asylum seekers | Notes |  |
| 299 | Continue to strengthen efforts to improve the working conditions of temporary migrant workers, including working holiday makers (*Japan*) | Accepts |  |
| 300 | Take new measures to strengthen the protection of vulnerable migrants and to prevent their forced eviction (*Angola*) | Accepts |  |
| 301 | Ensure that human rights of migrants are protected, including with respect to the conditions of temporary migrant workers and detained irregular migrants (*Myanmar*) | Accepts |  |
| 302 | Continue to review and assess its immigration laws and policies to ensure that the rights of migrants are safeguarded, in accordance with international human rights standards (*Nepal*) | Accepts |  |
| 303 | End the exploitation of migrant communities and protect the rights of migrant workers, including through the provision of socioeconomic benefits (*Pakistan*) | Accepts |  |
| 304 | Ensure adequate access by migrants to medical and legal services (*Russian Federation*) | Notes |  |
| 305 | Protect the rights of migrants and close offshore detention centres for migrants (*China*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 306 | Scale up the achievements of the Migrant Workers’ Taskforce, which plays a critical role in addressing the potential exploitation of migrant workers (*Ethiopia*) | Notes and will consider further |  |
| 307 | Take all the necessary steps to provide special protection for asylum seekers, refugees and particularly children (*Somalia*) | Accepts |  |
| 308 | Amend legislation on migration in order to prohibit the detention of children in immigration centres and, in exceptional cases, ensure that such detention be for the shortest time possible (*Uruguay*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 309 | Ensure implementation of a human rights approach in the offshore processing of migrants and asylum seekers (*Uganda*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 310 | Review legislation on the mandatory detention of irregular migrants and halt the use of offshore detention centres in Nauru and Papua New Guinea (*Ireland*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 311 | Ensure immigration detention is justified, time limited, and subject to prompt and regular judicial oversight (*Germany*) | Notes |  |
| 312 | Consider amending the Migration Act in order to prohibit the detention of minors and prioritize family reunification (*Costa Rica*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 313 | Review its immigration detention regime to end the indefinite detention of people seeking asylum in Australia and to stop offshore processing of refugees and provide pathways to resettlement (*Finland*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 314 | Increase support for refugees and asylum seekers by reducing barriers to labour markets and education and by providing access to health-care facilities, especially those aimed at improving mental health (*United States of America*) | Accepts |  |
| 315 | Ensure effective refugee status determination procedures and the principle of non‑refoulement, and put an end to the policy for processing asylum applications offshore (*Costa Rica*) | Notes |  |
| 316-318, 320, 322 | Ensure that the non-refoulement principle is secured in law and adhered to in practice, and that all asylum seekers, regardless of their mode of arrival, have access to efficient refugee status determination procedures / ensure that refugee procedures are compatible with international standards, guaranteeing the principle of non-refoulement and prioritizing family reunification/ take the necessary measures to ensure that the principle of non-refoulement is incorporated into legislation and that all asylum seekers, regardless of how they arrived in the country, have access to efficient refugee status determination procedures and determination of non-return (*Afghanistan, Mexico, Argentina, Ghana, Albania*)). | Accepts |  |
| 319 | Ensure that all refugees’ and asylum seekers’ children enjoy the right to education, without any discrimination (*Afghanistan*) | Accepts |  |
| 320, 322 | Continue to ensure improvement in the conditions of refugees to meet human rights standards and comply with international treaties/ ensure that measures taken with regard to refugees and asylum seekers are in full compliance with obligations under international law and human rights (*Ghana, Albania*) | Accepts |  |
| 321 | Ensure adequate protection for refugees and asylum seekers, as well as migrant workers with temporary visas (*Holy See*) | Accepts |  |
| 323 | Ensure that the issue of asylum seekers and refugees are addressed in line with international human rights and humanitarian law and Australia’s other commitments on this issue in other forums, including within the Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime (*Indonesia*) | Accepts |  |
| 324 | Reverse the high level of discretion held over asylum seekers by the Department of Home Affairs (*Islamic Republic of Iran*) | Notes |  |
| 325 | End mandatory detention of refugees and prohibit offshore processing of asylum seekers (*Islamic Republic of Iran*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 326 | Review the immigration policies so as to improve the rights of refugees and asylum seekers, including by transferring to onshore centres asylum seekers waiting for a decision and taking into consideration the humanitarian aspects of the expulsion of foreign citizens with permanent resident visas (*Italy*) | Notes but will not consider further |  |
| 327 | Improve the conditions of reception and detention of refugees and migrants in accordance with international standards (*Algeria*) | Notes |  |
| 328 | Halt the offshore detention of refugees or asylum seekers arriving by sea (*Luxembourg*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 329 | Fulfil its international obligations related to refugee protection (*Pakistan*) | Accepts |  |
| 330 | Continue to ensure the security, living conditions and rights of migrants, refugees and asylum seekers, regardless of how they entered the country (*Peru*) | Accepts |  |
| 331 | Continue its efforts to improve living conditions in immigration detention or processing centres (*Philippines*) | Notes |  |
| 332 | Take concrete steps to improve its treatment of asylum seekers, refugees, and migrants, including reducing the detention period and improving detention conditions (*Republic of Korea*) | Notes |  |
| 333 | Reduce the number of people held in immigration detention to maintain safety during the COVID-19 pandemic (*Rwanda*) | Notes |  |
| 334 | Amend the Migration Act 1958 to prohibit placing children in immigration detention (*Rwanda*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 335 | Ensure that asylum seekers have access to a refugee status determination procedure in line with international law (*Brazil*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 336 | Review the policy about offshore processing of asylum claims, as previously recommended (*Brazil*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 337 | Strengthen asylum processes and border management policies to ensure that they fully comply with Australia’s international obligations, including the principle of non-refoulement (*Fiji*) | Notes |  |
| 338 | Prioritize family reunification for all asylum seekers (*Montenegro*) | Notes but will not consider further at this time |  |
| 339 | Ensure that its asylum procedures and border management policies fully comply with international obligations (*Nicaragua*) | Accepts |  |
| 340 | Ensure that asylum seekers’ claims are processed in accordance with the Convention relating to the Status of Refugees, and that detention only occurs when necessary and justified, for a minimum period of time, and is subject to timely judicial oversight (*Norway*) | Notes |  |
| 341 | Adopt a comprehensive strategy to deal with its nationals who were foreign terrorist fighters and their families, including their repatriation for prosecution or rehabilitation, and preventing a new wave of terrorism abroad (*Syrian Arab Republic*) | Notes |  |
| 342, 343 | Take all measures necessary to ensure that the national counterterrorism legislation is in line with Australia’s international human rights obligations | Accepts |  |
| 344 | Amend Counter-Terrorism and national security legislation so that it does not unduly limit human rights, in particular freedom of expression and the right to privacy | Notes |  |